Approved For Rele

BUNDAY. 4740075

Au z iz listoz

Architect in \$2 Billion Job 🖟 Leaves Single Cornerstone

By Jean M. White Staff Reporter

The man who has directed a 2-billion-dollar Federal construction program in the last seven years soon will leave Washington, his name engraved on only one cornerstone.

Leonard L. Hunter's name is found on the cornerstone of the Washington Hospital Center as the then Supervising Architect for the General Services Administration. Soon afterwards, his title Was changed to Assistant Commissioner for Design and Construction, Public Buildings Service, GSA They do not make cornerstones big enough for that title.

Hunter is resigning after more than 28 years of Government service to return to private practice as an architect with John Carl Warnecke and Associates. The San Francisco firm recently was given a contract to redesign two Federal buildings on Lafayette Square. But Hunter won't be working on that project.

"My territory will be west of the Mississippi, 'he pointed

as a consultant for the Gov-planning stage). ernor's Architect Advisory Committee for the State Cap: itol of Hawaii that Hunter first? met Warnecke. This finally led to his decision to leave GSA.



LEONARD L. HUNTER ... doesn't agree with critics

Central Intelligence Agency, ing at St. Elizabeths, Howard Agency. University buildings, and the It was through his position 5 through 10 (some still in the in a long line that began with

Hunter, whose voice still!

carries the soft drawl of his native North Carolina, doesn't agree with critics who castigate the dull grey face of Gov. ernment architecture.

"We have achieved good architecture for the most part," he emphasizes. "It is not great architecture, but it has been good architecture, If it is not good architecture, it is not the GSA's fault. It can be only as good as the architects bring us."

Trend to Contemporary

As policy, GSA uses local architects on projects outside of Washington, he explained. At present, 95 per cent of the Government design projects are done by outside architects. Now the definite trend is to contemporary style away from the monolithic classics.

Hunter came to Govern-ment in 1934 and worked as a draftsman when the Federal Triangle project was nearing its end. There was no GSA then and he worked for the new State Department, the the Treasury Department's Washington Hospital Center, procurement division and the maximum security build later the Federal Works

In 1954, he became GSA: Federal Office Buildings from Supervising Architect, the last Robert Mills in 1836. His title was changed two years later.

When he moves his family to San Francisco, Hunter will? leave behind the house that he designed at 8501 Seven Locks rd., Bethesda.

"That, at least, has my name all over," he said.

CPYRGHT



6498-7040/05/24 CIA-RDF76-00E49F400600-210